



## Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam (JBPHH) Public Water System No. HI0000360

### Drinking Water Distribution System Recovery Plan: *Stage 5 Long-Term Monitoring (LTM) Period 5 Sampling Results Report for Zone C2* 16 June 2023



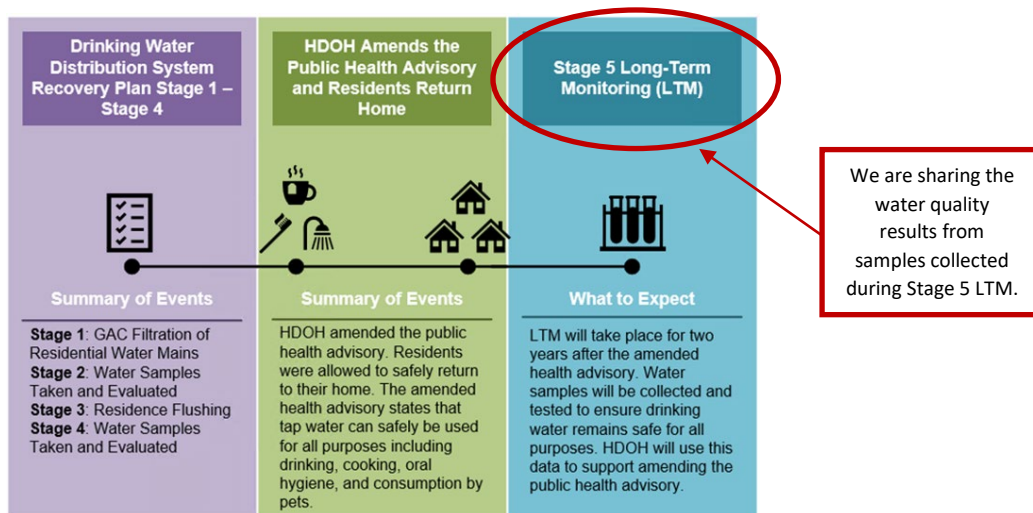
*Neighborhoods included in Zone C2: Hale Alii, Marine Barracks, Hospital Point*

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR ZONE C2**

This report documents the results of Long-Term Monitoring (LTM) testing for Zone C2. We are sharing this information with you to keep you updated on your water quality.

This LTM testing was performed after the November 29, 2021 Public Health Advisory for the JBPHH Public Water System<sup>1</sup> for Zone C2 was amended by the Hawaii Department of Health (DOH) on March 18, 2022. The amended health advisory for Zone C2 can be found online at: <https://jbphh-safewaters.org>. The amended health advisory states that tap water can be used for all purposes including drinking, cooking, oral hygiene, and consumption by pets. The health advisory was amended based on a final review of all sample data and how the Navy water system maintains operations to ensure safe drinking water. Test results that led to the advisory amendment are summarized in the Stage 4 Residential Sampling Report. After the health advisory was amended, residents were informed that they can safely use their water for all purposes.

Zone C2 has been thoroughly flushed, sampled, and tested. This zone has completed each stage (i.e., Stage 1 - Distribution System Flushing through Stage 4 - Building Sampling), as outlined in the Drinking Water Distribution System Recovery Plan.<sup>2</sup> Based on the samples collected and tested from water mains (Stage 2) and residences, and buildings (Stage 4), this zone meets the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and DOH drinking water standards used during this investigation. Zone C2 is now in the LTM phase (a.k.a., Stage 5), which is described below. For additional information on the Stage 2, Stage 4, and Stage 5 sample results by zone, please visit: <https://jbphh-safewaters.org>.



<sup>1</sup> Public Health Advisory for the JBPHH Public Water System: <https://health.hawaii.gov/news/files/2021/11/21-165-DOH-advises-Navy-water-system-consumers-not-to-drink-consume-tap-water.pdf>

<sup>2</sup> The Drinking Water Distribution System Recovery Plan was developed and approved by the Interagency Drinking Water System Team (IDWST). The DOH, EPA, Navy, and Army formed the IDWST to restore safe drinking water to all Navy Water System users. The JBPHH PWS #HI0000360 will continue the work of the IDWST by working to restore consumer confidence by ensuring tap water continues to be safe for human consumption (e.g., drinking, cooking, and oral hygiene).



## Long-Term Monitoring

LTM will be performed as outlined in the Final Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan, dated June 2022. LTM will take place for two years after the date of the amended health advisory. The purpose of LTM is to ensure tap water continues to be safe for human consumption (e.g., drinking, cooking, and oral hygiene). All required samples under the LTM have met the requirements for this Period (Period 5). The results of any additionally requested samples after the completion date (see table below) will be included under the Sampling Results for Zone C2 on the [Safe Waters website](#). Residents/occupants will be notified if and when their house/building is scheduled to be sampled. Below is the schedule for LTM in Zone C2.

### LTM Schedule for Zone C2

| Sampling Event <sup>1</sup> | Summary of Sampling Activities                         | Completion Date <sup>2</sup> |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Period 1                    | 5% of houses/buildings (minimum of 5 houses/buildings) | April 4 – April 8, 2022      |
| Period 2                    | 5% of houses/buildings (minimum of 5 houses/buildings) | May 4 – May 11, 2022         |
| Period 3                    | 5% of houses/buildings (minimum of 5 houses/buildings) | June 7 – June 10, 2022       |
| Period 4                    | 10% of houses/buildings                                | July 14 – November 3, 2022   |
| Period 5                    | 10% of houses/buildings                                | February 8 – May 2, 2023     |
| Period 6                    | 10% of houses/buildings                                | December 2023                |
| Period 7                    | 10% of houses/buildings                                | March 2024                   |

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Sampling events are scheduled based on the amount of time (months) since the DOH health advisory was amended for this zone.

<sup>2</sup> Completion dates are estimated based on the date the DOH health advisory was amended for this zone.



## Tables Included in this Stage 5 Sampling Results Report for Zone C2

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Table 1-1. Contaminants Detected in Drinking Water Samples Collected from Residences in Zone C2

| Contaminant                             | Typical Source of Contaminant  | Units            | DOH Project Screening Level | Basis of DOH Screening Level <sup>2</sup> | Stage 4 Sampling Summary      |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 1 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 2 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 3 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 4 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 5 <sup>10</sup> |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 6  |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 7 |  |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|   |  |                  |                             |   | February 2022                 |  | April 2022                            |  | May 2022                              |  | June 2022                             |  | December 2022                         |  | June 2023   |  | December 2023  |  | March 2024                            |  |
|   |  |                  |                             |   | No. of Detects out of Samples | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples                       | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup>   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> |
| Contaminants of Concern <sup>1</sup>    |  |                  |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |   |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Benzene                                 | Discharge from factories; Leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills  | ppb <sup>6</sup> | 5.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Ethylbenzene                            | Discharge from petroleum refineries  | ppb              | 700                         | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Toluene                                 | Discharge from petroleum factories   | ppb              | 1,000                       | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Xylenes (Total)                         | Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from chemical factories  | ppb              | 10,000                      | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| 1-Methylnaphthalene                     | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also, present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites.                              | ppb              | 10                          | EAL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene                     | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also used to make vitamin K; and is present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites | ppb              | 10                          | EAL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Naphthalene                             | Naphthalene is found in coal tar or crude oil and is used in the manufacture of plastics, resins, fuels, and dyes, and as a fumigant   | ppb              | 17                          | EAL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total TPH <sup>4</sup>                  | TPH is petroleum and can contaminate drinking water through spills and other releases into the environment   | ppb              | 266 <sup>9</sup>            | ISP                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 1/2                                   | ND - 57 (57)                             | 0/3                                   | -  | 1/2                                   | ND - 79 (79)                             | 2/2                                   | 73 - 97 (85)                             | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total Organic Carbon (TOC) <sup>5</sup> | Naturally present in the environment, but also can be an indicator of contamination, including petroleum or other sources  | ppb              | 4,000                       | ISP                                       | 19/24                         | ND - 1,670 (609)                         | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Free Chlorine (Field Test) <sup>8</sup> | Water additive used to control microbes  | ppb              | 4,000                       | ISP                                       | -                             | -  | 2/2                                   | 320 - 730 (525)                          | 2/2                                   | 260 - 260 (260)                          | 2/2                                   | 10 - 160 (85)                            | 2/2                                   | 140 - 490 (315)                          | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Metals                                  |  |                  |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |   |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Antimony                                | Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder  | ppb              | 6.0                         | MCL                                       | 1/24                          | ND - 0.34 (0.34)                         | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Arsenic                                 | Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes   | ppb              | 10                          | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 1/2                                   | ND - 0.75 (0.75)                         | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Barium                                  | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb              | 2,000                       | MCL                                       | 24/24                         | 1.9 - 2.5 (2.1)                          | 2/2                                   | 1.9 - 2.0 (2.0)                          | 3/3                                   | 2.0 - 2.6 (2.2)                          | 2/2                                   | 2 - 2.1 (2.1)                            | 2/2                                   | 2.0 - 2.2 (2.1)                          | -   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |





| Contaminant   | Typical Source of Contaminant  | Units | DOH Project Screening Level | Basis of DOH Screening Level <sup>2</sup> | Stage 4 Sampling Summary      |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 1 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 2 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 3 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 4 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 5 <sup>10</sup> |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 6  |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 7 |  |
|---|--|-------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|   |  |       |                             |   | February 2022                 |  | April 2022                            |  | May 2022                              |  | June 2022                             |  | December 2022                         |  | June 2023   |  | December 2023  |  | March 2024                            |  |
|   |  |       |                             |   | No. of Detects out of Samples | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples                       | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup>   | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup>   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> |
| Beryllium   | Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; Discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries | ppb   | 4.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 1/3                                   | ND - 0.29 (0.29)                         | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |  |                                       |  |
| Cadmium   | By-product of drinking water disinfection  | ppb   | 5.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 1/3                                   | ND - 0.27 (0.27)                         | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Chromium  | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb   | 100                         | MCL                                       | 24/24                         | 1.1 - 1.8 (1.5)                          | 2/2                                   | 1.8 - 1.9 (1.9)                          | 3/3                                   | 0.72 - 1.1 (0.86)                        | 2/2                                   | 0.64 - 0.89 (0.77)                       | 2/2                                   | 1.4 – 2.0 (1.7)                          | -   |  |  | -  |                                       |  |
| Copper  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb   | 1,300                       | MCL                                       | 24/24                         | 18 - 208 (52)                            | 2/2                                   | 22 - 23 (23)                             | 3/3                                   | 16 - 64 (48)                             | 2/2                                   | 19 - 27 (23)                             | 2/2                                   | 12 - 17 (14)                             | -   |  |  | -  |                                       |  |
| Lead  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb   | 15                          | MCL                                       | 20/24                         | ND - 2.5 (0.58)                          | 1/2                                   | ND - 0.33 (0.33)                         | 2/3                                   | ND - 0.55 (0.38)                         | 2/2                                   | 0.39 - 0.56 (0.48)                       | 1/2                                   | ND - 0.18 (0.18)                         | -   |  |  | -  |                                       |  |
| Mercury   | Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from refineries and factories; Runoff from landfills; Runoff from cropland        | ppb   | 2                           | MCL                                       | 0/24                          | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/3                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | 1/2                                   | ND - 0.037 (0.037)                       | -   |  |  | -  |                                       |  |
| Selenium  | Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines                         | ppb   | 50                          | MCL                                       | 2/24                          | ND - 0.45 (0.45)                         | 0/2                                   | -  | 2/3                                   | ND - 0.88 (0.64)                         | 0/2                                   | -  | 1/2                                   | ND - 1.3 (1.3)                           | -   |  |  | -  |                                       |  |
| Thallium  | Leaching from ore-processing sites; Discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories                                | ppb   | 2.0                         | MCL                                       | 1/24                          | ND - 0.058 (0.058)                       | 0/2                                   | -  | 1/3                                   | ND - 0.41 (0.41)                         | 0/2                                   | -  | 0/2                                   | -  | -   |  |  | -  |                                       |  |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)   |  |       |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |   |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total trihalomethanes (sum of chloroform, bromoform, bromodichloromethane, and di-bromochloromethane) | By-product of drinking water disinfection  | ppb   | 80                          | MCL                                       | -                             | -  | 1/2                                   | ND - 1.5 (1.5)                           | 1/3                                   | ND - 1.4 (1.4)                           | 2/2                                   | 1.7 - 1.8 (1.7)                          | 2/2                                   | 1.0 - 2.5 (1.8)                          | -   | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs) or Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) - ND                    |  |       |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |   |  |  |  |                                       |  |

Notes:

1. These contaminants are listed whether detect or non-detect (ND) because these are incident specific. All other contaminants are only listed if detected.

2. The DOH uses multiple criteria to assess the safety of the drinking water including maximum contaminant levels (MCLs), previously established environmental action levels (EALs), and incident specific parameters (ISPs).

3. These numbers are the minimum and maximum values from all the sample test results. The average (or mathematical mean) includes all sample test results with a detectable contaminant. An average is the sum of the results (excluding non-detects) divided by the total number results with detection only. Acronyms and explanation of terms used in this table are presented on the following pages.

4. For more information regarding Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, refer to the FACT SHEET What Are Petroleum Hydrocarbons?, available online at: [https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16\\_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf](https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf).

5. Total Organic Carbon (TOC) test results report any constituent containing carbon, many of which are naturally occurring and some of which may be man-made. The DOH had previously selected a TOC project screening level of 2,000 ppb under Stage 4. Each exceedance was investigated by reviewing the associated water quality data (e.g., BTEX results, TPH) and the IDWST determined that all TOC exceedances were inconclusive in association with petroleum hydrocarbons. Under the Drinking Water Long Term Monitoring Plan (under review during the LTM Period 3 report for Zone C2), DOH revised the TOC screening level to 4,000 ppb (previously 2,000 ppb).

6. Parts per billion (ppb) refers to the amount (or concentration) of a contaminant in the water.

7. Cells highlighted in green indicate the water sample results were below DOH Screening Levels.

8. On January 30 and February 25, 2022, DOH revised the LTM requirements to include the analysis of free chlorine. Chlorine is typically used as an additive to drinking water for disinfection purposes.

9. Per the June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan, the ISP for Total TPHs was changed to 266 ppb (previously it was 211 ppb). The June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan is available online at: <https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2022/08/JBPHH-Drinking-Water-LTM-Plan-FINAL-20220823.pdf>.

10. No samples were collected from residences during LTM Period 5. The intention of the LTM plan was to ensure that 65% of all residences and other buildings in the zone are sampled before the completion of the 24 month period. In Zone C2, there is a higher percentage of other buildings than residences and 78% of residences and 77% of other buildings have been sampled in this zone. For this reason, and to meet the sampling quotas going forward, there will be an increase of residential sampling in Zone D2 equal to the same number scheduled for Zone C2.



**Table 1-2. Contaminants Detected in Drinking Water Samples Collected from Schools in Zone C2**

There are no Schools in this zone.

**Table 1-3. Contaminants Detected in Drinking Water Samples Collected from Child Development Centers in Zone C2**

There are no Child Development Centers in this zone.



Table 1-4. Contaminants Detected in Drinking Water Samples Collected from Other Buildings in Zone C2

| Contaminant                             | Typical Source of Contaminant  | Units            | DOH Project Screening Level | Basis of DOH Screening Level <sup>2</sup> | Stage 4 Sampling Summary <sup>9</sup> |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 1 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 2 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 3 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 4 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 5 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 6  |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 7 |  |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|   |  |                  |                             |   | February 2022                         |  | April 2022                            |  | May 2022                              |  | June 2022                             |  | December 2022                         |  | June 2023                             |  | December 2023  |  | March 2024                            |  |
|   |  |                  |                             |   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup>   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> |
| Contaminants of Concern <sup>1</sup>    |  |                  |                             |   |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Benzene                                 | Discharge from factories; Leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills  | ppb <sup>6</sup> | 5.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Ethylbenzene                            | Discharge from petroleum refineries  | ppb              | 700                         | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Toluene                                 | Discharge from petroleum factories   | ppb              | 1,000                       | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Xylenes (total)                         | Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from chemical factories  | ppb              | 10,000                      | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| 1-Methylnaphthalene                     | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also, present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites.                              | ppb              | 10                          | EAL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene                     | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also used to make vitamin K; and is present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites | ppb              | 10                          | EAL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Naphthalene                             | Naphthalene is found in coal tar or crude oil and is used in the manufacture of plastics, resins, fuels, and dyes, and as a fumigant   | ppb              | 17                          | EAL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total TPH <sup>4</sup>                  | TPH is petroleum and can contaminate drinking water through spills and other releases into the environment   | ppb              | 266 <sup>10</sup>           | ISP                                       | 3/18                                  | ND - 260 (150)                           | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 1/9                                   | ND - 55 (55)                             | 5/16                                  | ND - 151 (77)                            | 7/20                                  | ND - 109 (67)                            |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total Organic Carbon (TOC) <sup>5</sup> | Naturally present in the environment, but also can be an indicator of contamination, including petroleum or other sources  | ppb              | 4,000                       | ISP                                       | 7/14                                  | ND - 2,960 (1,537)                       | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 1/20                                  | ND - 220 (220)                           |  |  |                                       |  |
| Free Chlorine (Field Test) <sup>8</sup> | Water additive used to control microbes  | ppb              | 4,000                       | ISP                                       | -                                     | -  | 8/8                                   | 20 - 550 (238)                           | 8/8                                   | 40 - 500 (210)                           | 9/9                                   | 10 - 550 (182)                           | 15/15                                 | 20 - 700 (213)                           | 17/17                                 | 20 - 490 (263)                           |  |  |                                       |  |
| Metals                                  |  |                  |                             |   |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Antimony                                | Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder  | ppb              | 6.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 1/9                                   | ND - 0.19 (0.19)                         | 2/16                                  | ND - 0.16 (0.14)                         | 0/20                                  | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Arsenic                                 | Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes   | ppb              | 10                          | MCL                                       | 1/14                                  | ND - 0.21 (0.21)                         | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 3/16                                  | ND - 0.69 (0.65)                         | 3/20                                  | ND - 0.67 (0.64)                         |  |  |                                       |  |
| Barium                                  | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb              | 2,000                       | MCL                                       | 14/14                                 | 1.9 - 5.7 (2.5)                          | 10/10                                 | 1.9 - 6.9 (3.3)                          | 9/9                                   | 1.1 - 6.1 (2.3)                          | 9/9                                   | 1.9 - 11 (3.6)                           | 16/16                                 | 1.6 - 6.5 (3.5)                          | 20/20                                 | 1.8 - 4.8 (2.6)                          |  |  |                                       |  |





| Contaminant   | Typical Source of Contaminant   | Units | DOH Project Screening Level | Basis of DOH Screening Level <sup>2</sup> | Stage 4 Sampling Summary <sup>3</sup> |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 1 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 2 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 3 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 4 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 5 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 6  |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 7 |  |
|---|---|-------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|   |   |       |                             |   | February 2022                         |  | April 2022                            |  | May 2022                              |  | June 2022                             |  | December 2022                         |  | June 2023                             |  | December 2023  |  | March 2024                            |  |
|   |   |       |                             |   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup>   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> |
| Cadmium   | By-product of drinking water disinfection   | ppb   | 5.0                         | MCL                                       | 1/14                                  | ND - 0.12 (0.12)                         | 1/10                                  | ND - 0.14 (0.14)                         | 2/9                                   | ND - 0.55 (0.54)                         | 1/9                                   | ND - 0.19 (0.19)                         | 1/16                                  | ND - 1.6 (1.6)                           | 0/20                                  | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Chromium  | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits  | ppb   | 100                         | MCL                                       | 14/14                                 | 1.1 - 2.2 (1.5)                          | 10/10                                 | 1.6 - 2.1 (1.9)                          | 6/9                                   | ND - 0.97 (0.74)                         | 7/9                                   | ND - 1.7 (1.0)                           | 16/16                                 | 0.91 - 2.4 (1.7)                         | 17/20                                 | ND - 2.2 (1.3)                           |  |  |                                       |  |
| Copper  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits  | ppb   | 1,300                       | MCL                                       | 14/14                                 | 12 - 150 (54)                            | 10/10                                 | 2.4 - 77 (26)                            | 9/9                                   | 2.9 - 107 (33)                           | 9/9                                   | 16 - 102 (52)                            | 16/16                                 | 5.2 - 150 (59)                           | 20/20                                 | 0.71 - 112 (52)                          |  |  |                                       |  |
| Lead  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits  | ppb   | 15                          | MCL                                       | 12/14                                 | ND - 3.0 (0.63)                          | 4/10                                  | ND - 0.64 (0.37)                         | 4/9                                   | ND - 6.0 (3.8)                           | 7/9                                   | ND - 2.4 (0.76)                          | 9/16                                  | ND - 1.2 (0.51)                          | 17/20                                 | ND - 2.2 (0.52)                          |  |  |                                       |  |
| Mercury   | Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from refineries and factories; Runoff from landfills; Runoff from cropland | ppb   | 2.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 6/8                                   | ND - 0.043 (0.039)                       | 0/8                                   | -  | 2/16                                  | ND - 0.16 (0.15)                         | 2/20                                  | ND - 0.067 (0.050)                       |  |  |                                       |  |
| Selenium  | Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines                  | ppb   | 50                          | MCL                                       | 3/14                                  | ND - 0.97 (0.64)                         | 0/10                                  | -  | 5/9                                   | ND - 1.5 (0.95)                          | 0/9                                   | -  | 4/16                                  | ND - 1.4 (0.78)                          | 7/20                                  | ND - 1.9 (1.6)                           |  |  |                                       |  |
| Thallium  | Leaching from ore-processing sites; Discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories                         | ppb   | 2.0                         | MCL                                       | 2/14                                  | ND - 0.067 (0.055)                       | 1/10                                  | ND - 0.34 (0.34)                         | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)   |   |       |                             |   |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total Haloacetic acids (sum of mono-, di-, trichloroacetic acids and mono- and dibromo acetic acids)  | By-product of drinking water disinfection   | ppb   | 60                          | MCL                                       | -                                     | -  | 2/10                                  | ND - 1.7 (1.5)                           | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 6/16                                  | ND - 1.6 (1.3)                           | 1/20                                  | ND - 1.5 (1.5)                           | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Total trihalomethanes (sum of chloroform, bromoform, bromodichloromethane, and di-bromochloromethane) | By-product of drinking water disinfection   | ppb   | 80                          | MCL                                       | -                                     | -  | 8/10                                  | ND - 17 (5.8)                            | 5/9                                   | ND - 1.9 (1.2)                           | 6/9                                   | ND - 13 (5.3)                            | 14/16                                 | ND - 14 (6.2)                            | 16/20                                 | ND - 18 (3.2)                            |  |  |                                       |  |
| Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs) or Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) - ND                    |   |       |                             |   |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Benzo(a)pyrene  | Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution lines   | ppb   | 0.2                         | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/16                                  | -  | 1/20                                  | ND - 0.018 (0.018)                       | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate  | Discharge from rubber and chemical factories  | ppb   | 6.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/14                                  | -  | 0/10                                  | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 0/9                                   | -  | 2/16                                  | ND - 0.74 (0.59)                         | 0/20                                  | -  |  |  |                                       |  |

Notes:

- These contaminants are listed whether detect or non-detect (ND) because these are incident specific. All other contaminants are only listed if detected.
- The DOH uses multiple criteria to assess the safety of the drinking water including maximum contaminant levels (MCLs), previously established environmental action levels (EALs), and incident specific parameters (ISPs).
- These numbers are the minimum and maximum values from all the sample test results. The average (or mathematical mean) includes all sample test results with a detectable contaminant. An average is the sum of the results (excluding non-detects) divided by the total number results with detection only. Acronyms and explanation of terms used in this table are presented on the following pages.
- For more information regarding Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, refer to the FACT SHEET What Are Petroleum Hydrocarbons?, available online at: [https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16\\_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf](https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf).
- Total Organic Carbon (TOC) test results report any constituent containing carbon, many of which are naturally occurring and some of which may be man-made. The DOH had previously selected a TOC project screening level of 2,000 ppb under Stage 4. Each exceedance was investigated by reviewing the associated water quality data (e.g., BTEX results, TPH) and the IDWST determined that all TOC exceedances were inconclusive in association with petroleum hydrocarbons. Under the Drinking Water Long Term Monitoring Plan (under review during the LTM Period 3 report for Zone C2), DOH revised the TOC screening level to 4,000 ppb (previously 2,000 ppb).



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- 6. Parts per billion (ppb) refers to the amount (or concentration) of a contaminant in the water.
  - 7. Cells highlighted in **green** indicate the water sample results were below DOH Screening Levels.
  - 8. On January 30 and February 25, 2022, DOH revised the LTM requirements to include the analysis of free chlorine. Chlorine is typically used as an additive to drinking water for disinfection purposes.
  - 9. This does not include the January 27, 2022 (initial) TPH result from Building 1786 (Field Sample Numbers: 220127C2JT02). This does include the resampled results from Building 1786 as described below:
    - a. The sample result taken from Building 1786 on January 27, 2022 was 260 parts per billion (ppb) for TPH. This was an exceedance of the ISP of 211 ppb. Investigation into this matter determined this exceedance was a localized issue that was most likely attributable to premise plumbing. The IDWST member directed that the entire building be flushed again and sampled again. The results from the resampling were below the ISP of 211 ppb. The IDWST determined that no further action was required beyond the long-term monitoring sampling for Zone C2. This investigation is documented in detail in the Removal Action Report for Zone C2.
  - 10. Per the June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan, the ISP for Total TPHs was changed to 266 ppb (previously it was 211 ppb). The June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan is available online at: <https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2022/08/JBPHH-Drinking-Water-LTM-Plan-FINAL-20220823.pdf>



Table 1-5. Contaminants Detected in Drinking Water Samples Collected from Fire Hydrants in Zone C2

| Contaminant                             | Typical Source of Contaminant  | Units            | DOH Project Screening Level | Basis of DOH Screening Level <sup>2</sup> | Stage 4 Sampling Summary      |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 1 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 2 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 3 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 4 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 5 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 6  |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 7 |  |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|   |  |                  |                             |   | February 2022                 |  | April 2022                            |  | May 2022                              |  | June 2022                             |  | December 2022                         |  | June 2023                             |  | December 2023  |  | March 2024                            |  |
|   |  |                  |                             |   | No. of Detects out of Samples | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup>   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> |
| Contaminants of Concern <sup>1</sup>    |  |                  |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Benzene                                 | Discharge from factories; Leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills  | ppb <sup>6</sup> | 5.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/7                           | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Ethylbenzene                            | Discharge from petroleum refineries  | ppb              | 700                         | MCL                                       | 0/7                           | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Toluene                                 | Discharge from petroleum factories   | ppb              | 1000                        | MCL                                       | 0/7                           | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Xylenes (Total)                         | Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from chemical factories  | ppb              | 10000                       | MCL                                       | 0/7                           | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| 1-Methylnaphthalene                     | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also, present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites.                              | ppb              | 10                          | EAL                                       | 5/7                           | ND - 0.016 (0.011)                       | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene                     | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also used to make vitamin K; and is present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites | ppb              | 10                          | EAL                                       | 0/7                           | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Naphthalene                             | Naphthalene is found in coal tar or crude oil and is used in the manufacture of plastics, resins, fuels, and dyes, and as a fumigant   | ppb              | 17                          | EAL                                       | 4/9                           | ND - 0.018 (0.016)                       | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total TPH <sup>4</sup>                  | TPH is petroleum and can contaminate drinking water through spills and other releases into the environment   | ppb              | 266 <sup>10</sup>           | ISP                                       | 1/7                           | ND - 61 (61)                             | 1/8                                   | ND - 55 (55)                             | 0/7                                   | -  | 3/7                                   | ND - 84 (73)                             | 0/8                                   | -  | 1/7                                   | ND - 53 (53)                             |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total Organic Carbon (TOC) <sup>5</sup> | Naturally present in the environment, but also can be an indicator of contamination, including petroleum or other sources  | ppb              | 4000                        | ISP                                       | 4/6                           | ND - 3,070 (1,772)                       | 0/8                                   | -  | 1/7                                   | ND - 390 (390)                           | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Free Chlorine (Field Test) <sup>9</sup> | Water additive used to control microbes  | ppb              | 4000                        | ISP                                       | -                             | -  | 6/7                                   | ND - 580 (353)                           | 7/7                                   | 30 - 430 (199)                           | 7/7                                   | 100 - 620 (371)                          | 7/7                                   | 100 - 900 (397)                          | 7/7                                   | 60 - 380 (179)                           |  |  |                                       |  |
| Metals                                  |  |                  |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Antimony                                | Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder  | ppb              | 6.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/7                           | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 1/8                                   | ND - 0.15 (0.15)                         | 1/7                                   | ND - 0.20 (0.20)                         | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Arsenic                                 | Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes   | ppb              | 10                          | MCL                                       | 7/7                           | 0.087 - 0.25 (0.21)                      | 1/8                                   | ND - 0.69 (0.69)                         | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Barium                                  | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb              | 2000                        | MCL                                       | 7/7                           | 1.3 - 3.4 (2.2)                          | 8/8                                   | 1.4 - 4.3 (2.4)                          | 4/7                                   | ND - 4.0 (3.3)                           | 7/7                                   | 1.4 - 4.0 (2.6)                          | 8/8                                   | 1.5 - 3.7 (2.5)                          | 7/7                                   | 1.6 - 4.6 (2.4)                          |  |  |                                       |  |



| Contaminant   | Typical Source of Contaminant  | Units | DOH Project Screening Level | Basis of DOH Screening Level <sup>2</sup> | Stage 4 Sampling Summary      |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 1 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 2 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 3 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 4 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 5 |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 6  |  | Stage 5 LTM Sampling Summary Period 7 |  |
|---|--|-------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|   |  |       |                             |   | February 2022                 |  | April 2022                            |  | May 2022                              |  | June 2022                             |  | December 2022                         |  | June 2023                             |  | December 2023  |  | March 2024                            |  |
|   |  |       |                             |   | No. of Detects out of Samples | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup>   | No. of Detects out of Samples         | Minimum - Maximum (Average) <sup>3</sup> |
| Chromium  | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits                                 | ppb   | 100                         | MCL                                       | 7/7                           | 0.54 - 1.5 (1.2)                         | 4/8                                   | ND - 2.6 (1.8)                           | 6/7                                   | ND - 0.95 (0.69)                         | 4/7                                   | ND - 1.2 (0.94)                          | 8/8                                   | 1.3 - 1.9 (1.7)                          | 7/7                                   | 0.82 – 2.0 (1.6)                         | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Copper  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits                             | ppb   | 1300                        | MCL                                       | 7/7                           | 1.2 - 17.8 (6.1)                         | 8/8                                   | 1.5 - 4.2 (2.5)                          | 5/7                                   | ND - 9.2 (5.6)                           | 7/7                                   | 2.8 - 14 (5.9)                           | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                       | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                          | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                       | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                          |  |  |                                       |  |
| Lead  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits                             | ppb   | 15                          | MCL                                       | 6/7                           | ND - 2.5 (0.68)                          | 5/8                                   | ND - 2.0 (0.67)                          | 2/7                                   | ND - 2.8 (1.6)                           | 6/7                                   | ND - 1.2 (0.57)                          | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                       | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                          | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                       | ≤ <sup>11</sup>                          |  |  |                                       |  |
| Selenium  | Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines | ppb   | 50                          | MCL                                       | 7/7                           | 0.22 - 1.2 (0.86)                        | 0/8                                   | -  | 4/7                                   | ND - 1.1 (0.66)                          | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Thallium  | Leaching from ore-processing sites; Discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories        | ppb   | 2.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/7                           | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 1/7                                   | ND - 0.072 (0.072)                       | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 1/7                                   | ND - 0.080 (0.080)                       |  |  |                                       |  |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)   |  |       |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Total Haloacetic acids (sum of mono-, di-, trichloroacetic acids and mono- and dibromo acetic acids)  | By-product of drinking water disinfection  | ppb   | 60                          | MCL                                       | -                             | -  | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | 1/8                                   | ND - 0.88 (0.88)                         | 0/7                                   | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Total trihalomethanes (sum of chloroform, bromoform, bromodichloromethane, and di-bromochloromethane) | By-product of drinking water disinfection  | ppb   | 80                          | MCL                                       | -                             | -  | 5/8                                   | ND - 5.6 (2.8)                           | 4/7                                   | ND - 4.9 (2.9)                           | 4/7                                   | ND - 8.9 (4.2)                           | 6/8                                   | ND - 8.5 (3.5)                           | 4/7                                   | ND - 6.8 (3.3)                           |  |  |                                       |  |
| Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs) or Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)                         |  |       |                             |   |                               |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                       |  |
| Diethyl phthalate   | Discharge from chemical factories; Used in the manufacturing of plastics.                        | ppb   | ≤ <sup>7</sup>              | ≤ <sup>7</sup>                            | 1/2                           | ND - 0.15 (0.15)                         | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | -                                     | -  | -                                     | -  | -                                     | -  | These samples will be collected 21 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 6 Sampling Results Report. | These samples will be collected 24 months after the health advisory was amended. Results will be reported in a LTM Period 7 Sampling Results Report. |                                       |  |
| Di-n-butyl phthalate  | Discharge from chemical factories; Used in the manufacturing of plastics.                        | ppb   | ≤ <sup>7</sup>              | ≤ <sup>7</sup>                            | 2/2                           | 0.79 - 10 (5.4)                          | 0/8                                   | -  | 0/7                                   | -  | -                                     | -  | -                                     | -  | -                                     | -  |  |  |                                       |  |

Notes:

- These contaminants are listed whether detect or non-detect (ND) because these are incident specific. All other contaminants are only listed if detected.
- The DOH uses multiple criteria to assess the safety of the drinking water including maximum contaminant levels (MCLs), previously established environmental action levels (EALs), and incident specific parameters (ISPs).
- These numbers are the minimum and maximum values from all the sample test results. The average (or mathematical mean) includes all sample test results with a detectable contaminant. An average is the sum of the results (excluding non-detects) divided by the total number results with detection only. Acronyms and explanation of terms used in this table are presented on the following pages.
- For more information regarding Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, refer to the FACT SHEET What Are Petroleum Hydrocarbons?, available online at: [https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16\\_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf](https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf).
- Total Organic Carbon (TOC) test results report any constituent containing carbon, many of which are naturally occurring and some of which may be man-made. The DOH had previously selected a TOC project screening level of 2,000 ppb under Stage 4. Each exceedance was investigated by reviewing the associated water quality data (e.g., BTEX results, TPH) and the IDWST determined that all TOC exceedances were inconclusive in association with petroleum hydrocarbons. Under the Drinking Water Long Term Monitoring Plan (under review during the LTM Period 3 report for Zone C2), DOH revised the TOC screening level to 4,000 ppb (previously 2,000 ppb).
- Parts per billion (ppb) refers to the amount (or concentration) of a contaminant in the water.
- Both contaminants do not have a DOH Screening Level and were only detected at low concentrations. It is not associated with fuels and is not considered a risk to human health associated with the fuel release that occurred at Red Hill in November 2021 and was not tested for during the LTM program
- Cells highlighted in **green** indicate the water sample results were below DOH Screening Levels.
- On January 30 and February 25, 2022, DOH revised the LTM requirements to include the analysis of free chlorine. Chlorine is typically used as an additive to drinking water for disinfection purposes.
- Per the June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan, the ISP for Total TPHs was changed to 266 ppb (previously it was 211 ppb). The June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan is available online at: <https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2022/08/JBPHH-Drinking-Water-LTM-Plan-FINAL-20220823.pdf>.

11. Per the June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan, Lead and Copper samples will only be collected from residences, other buildings and the entry points to the distribution system during LTM Months 4-24. The June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan is available online at: <https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2022/08/JBPHH-Drinking-Water-LTM-Plan-FINAL-20220823.pdf>.

**Table 1-6. Contaminants Detected in Drinking Water Samples Collected from JBPHH's Source Water (Waiawa Shaft - Post Chlorination)**

| Contaminant   | Typical Source of Contaminant  | Units            | DOH Project Screening Level | Basis of DOH Screening Level <sup>2</sup> | Sampling Period: January 2022 |                             |                                       | Sampling Period: June 2022    |                             |                                       | Sampling Period: December 2022 |                             |                                       | Sampling Period: February 2023 |                             |                                       |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|   |  |                  |                             |   | No. of Detects out of Samples | Level Detected <sup>3</sup> | Meets DOH Screening Level? (Yes / No) | No. of Detects out of Samples | Level Detected <sup>3</sup> | Meets DOH Screening Level? (Yes / No) | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Level Detected <sup>3</sup> | Meets DOH Screening Level? (Yes / No) | No. of Detects out of Samples  | Level Detected <sup>3</sup> | Meets DOH Screening Level? (Yes / No) |
| Contaminants of Concern <sup>1</sup>  |  |                  |                             |   |                               |                             |                                       |                               |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |
| Benzene   | Discharge from factories; Leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills  | ppb <sup>4</sup> | 5.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Ethylbenzene  | Discharge from petroleum refineries  | ppb              | 700                         | MCL                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Toluene   | Discharge from petroleum factories   | ppb              | 1,000                       | MCL                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| m,p,o-Xylenes   | Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from chemical factories  | ppb              | 10,000                      | MCL                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| 1-Methylnaphthalene   | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also, present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites                               | ppb              | 10                          | ISP                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene   | Used to make other chemicals such as dyes, and resins; also used to make vitamin K; and is present in cigarette smoke, wood smoke, tar, asphalt, and at some hazardous waste sites | ppb              | 10                          | ISP                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Naphthalene   | Naphthalene is found in coal tar or crude oil and is used in the manufacture of plastics, resins, fuels, and dyes, and as a fumigant   | ppb              | 17                          | ISP                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPHs)   | TPH is petroleum and can contaminate drinking water through spills and other releases into the environment   | ppb              | 266 <sup>9</sup>            | ISP                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes <sup>3</sup>                      | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 61                          | Yes                                   |
| Total Organic Carbon (TOC) <sup>4</sup>                                       | Naturally present in the environment, but also can be an indicator of contamination, including petroleum or other sources  | ppb              | 4,000                       | ISP                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Free Chlorine (Field Test) <sup>8</sup>                                       | Water Additive   | ppb              | 4,000                       | MCL                                       | -                             | -                           | -                                     | 1/1                           | 670                         | Yes                                   | -                              | -                           | -                                     | -                              | -                           | -                                     |
| Metals  |  |                  |                             |   |                               |                             |                                       |                               |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |
| Antimony  | Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder  | ppb              | 6.0                         | MCL                                       | 1/1                           | 0.092                       | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Arsenic   | Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production waste  | ppb              | 10                          | MCL                                       | 1/1                           | 0.027                       | Yes                                   | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Barium  | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb              | 2,000                       | MCL                                       | 1/1                           | 1.7                         | Yes                                   | 1/1                           | 1.7                         | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 2.2                         | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 1.9                         | Yes                                   |
| Chromium  | Corrosion of galvanized pipes; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from metal refineries; Runoff from waste batteries and paints  | ppb              | 100                         | MCL                                       | 1/1                           | 1.5                         | Yes                                   | 1/1                           | 0.55                        | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 1.2                         | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 1.9                         | Yes                                   |
| Copper  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb              | 1,300                       | EAL                                       | 1/1                           | 21                          | Yes                                   | 1/1                           | 19                          | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 15                          | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 22                          | Yes                                   |
| Lead  | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits   | ppb              | 15                          | EAL                                       | 1/1                           | 0.27                        | Yes                                   | 1/1                           | 0.23                        | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 0.29                        | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 0.29                        | Yes                                   |
| Selenium  | Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines   | ppb              | 50                          | MCL                                       | 1/1                           | 0.70                        | Yes                                   | 1/1                           | 1.3                         | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 1.3                         | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Thallium  | Leaching from ore-processing sites; Discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories  | ppb              | 2                           | MCL                                       | -                             | -                           | -                                     | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 0.076                       | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) – ND  |  |                  |                             |   |                               |                             |                                       |                               |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |
| Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs) or Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) |  |                  |                             |   |                               |                             |                                       |                               |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |                                |                             |                                       |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate  | Discharge from rubber and chemical factories   | ppb              | 6.0                         | MCL                                       | 0/1                           | -                           | Yes                                   | 1/1                           | 0.52                        | Yes                                   | 1/1                            | 0.55                        | Yes                                   | 0/1                            | -                           | Yes                                   |





- Notes:
1. These contaminants are listed whether detect or non-detect (ND) because these are incident specific. All other contaminants are only listed if detected.
  2. The DOH uses multiple criteria to assess the safety of the drinking water including maximum contaminant levels (MCLs), previously established environmental action levels (EALs), and incident specific parameters (ISPs).
  3. These numbers are the minimum and maximum values from all the sample test results. The average (or mathematical mean) includes all sample test results with a detectable contaminant. An average is the sum of the results (excluding non-detects) divided by the total number results with detection only. Acronyms and explanation of terms used in this table are presented on the following pages.
  4. For more information regarding Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, refer to the FACT SHEET What Are Petroleum Hydrocarbons?, available online at: [https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16\\_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf](https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2021/12/21.12.16_What-Are-Petroleum-Hydrocarbons.pdf).
  5. Total Organic Carbon (TOC) test results report any constituent containing carbon, many of which are naturally occurring and some of which may be man-made. The DOH had previously selected a TOC project screening level of 2,000 ppb under Stage 4. Each exceedance was investigated by reviewing the associated water quality data (e.g., BTEX results, TPH) and the IDWST determined that all TOC exceedances were inconclusive in association with petroleum hydrocarbons. Under the Drinking Water Long Term Monitoring Plan (under review during the LTM Period 3 report for Zone C2), DOH revised the TOC screening level to 4,000 ppb (previously 2,000 ppb).
  6. Parts per billion (ppb) refers to the amount (or concentration) of a contaminant in the water.
  7. Cells highlighted in **green** indicate the water sample results were below DOH Screening Levels.
  8. On January 30 and February 25, 2022, DOH revised the LTM requirements to include the analysis of free chlorine. Chlorine is typically used as an additive to drinking water for disinfection purposes.
  9. Per the June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan, the ISP for Total TPHs was changed to 266 ppb (previously it was 211 ppb). The June 2022 Drinking Water Long-Term Monitoring Plan is available online at: <https://health.hawaii.gov/about/files/2022/08/JBPHH-Drinking-Water-LTM-Plan-FINAL-20220823.pdf>.



## **Drinking Water Distribution System Recovery Plan: Stage 5 LTM Period 5 Sampling Results Report for Zone C2**

### **What is the purpose of this Stage 5 LTM Period 5 Sampling Results Report?**

This progress report presents the testing results from drinking water samples that have been collected from residences, other buildings, and fire hydrants. These samples were collected after the health advisory had been amended and DOH determined drinking water was safe for human consumption. The health advisory was amended after the first four stages of the Drinking Water Distribution System Recovery Plan<sup>3</sup> were completed in your zone. The JBPHH PWS #HI0000360 is committed to ensuring tap water is safe for human consumption after residents have returned home.

We are sharing this information with you to keep you updated on your community's water quality.

### **What was found?**

The tables on the previous pages present all contaminants that were detected in drinking water samples that have been collected from residences, other buildings, and fire hydrants in your zone during Stage 5 LTM Period 1, LTM Period 2, LTM Period 3, LTM Period 4, and LTM Period 5. The DOH used multiple standards/criteria (called DOH Project Screening Levels) to assess the safety of the drinking water to include:

- EPA and Hawaii DOH Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) standards for drinking water;
- Previously established Environmental Action Levels (EALs); and
- Incident Specific Parameters (ISPs).

This report together with the data demonstrates that the drinking water in your area (Zone C2) meets U.S. EPA and DOH standards that are applicable to the Navy Water System Incident.

All exceedances of DOH Project Screening Levels are thoroughly reviewed and investigated by the Navy, Army, and DOH, to (1) determine if the exceedance is associated with the JBPHH water distribution system or if it is associated with premise plumbing (i.e., it is localized to a specific faucet) and (2) determine the appropriate course of action to address the exceedance (e.g., re-flushing, replacing a faucet). There were no exceedances of screening levels in drinking water samples collected from residences, other buildings, and fire hydrants during LTM Period 1, LTM Period 2, LTM Period 3, LTM Period 4, or LTM Period 5 for Zone C2.

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<sup>3</sup> Drinking Water Distribution System Recovery Plan: <https://www.cpf.navy.mil/Portals/52/Drinking-Water-Distribution-System-Recovery-Plan.pdf>

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) test results report any constituent containing carbon, many of which are naturally occurring and some of which may be man-made. The DOH selected a TOC project screening level of 4,000 parts per billion (ppb) for long term monitoring. Each exceedance is investigated by reviewing the associated water quality data (e.g., Disinfection byproducts and TPH results) for association with petroleum hydrocarbons. No TOC exceedances occurred in LTM Period 1, LTM Period 2, LTM Period 3, LTM Period 4, or LTM Period 5 for Zone C2.

### **What contaminants were tested?**

Drinking water, including bottled water, can contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants tested can be obtained by calling the Hawaii DOH Safe Drinking Water Branch at 808-586-4258.

In order to ensure that drinking water is safe to drink, EPA and Hawaii DOH regulate the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. For this incident, the primary categories of monitored contaminants include Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), Synthetic Organic Chemicals (SOCs)/Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs), metals, Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH), and Total Organic Carbon (TOC). A description of these contaminant categories can be found under *Explanation of Terms* located at the end of this report. The full list of contaminants that were tested for this zone are presented in the laboratory reports that are located at: <https://jbphh-safewaters.org>. For complete information on the interagency response, please visit: <https://www.cpf.navy.mil/JBPHH-Water-Updates/>.

### **What happened leading up to the public health advisory being issued?**

The Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility jet fuel spill event was reported to have taken place on November 20, 2021. Subsequent reporting of fuel-like smell or visual sheen in addition to complaints of health issues from ingestion or dermal contact with the Navy and Army system water were received by the Navy and DOH. On November 28, 2021, the Navy reported that a chemical release of petroleum, which is a hazardous substance, entered the JBPHH drinking water distribution system from the Red Hill Shaft source. This release triggered an emergency response and DOH issuance of a public health advisory on November 29, 2021, for the entire JBPHH Public Water System No. HI0000360 (JBPHH System).

The Hawaii DOH, EPA, Navy, and Army formed the Interagency Drinking Water System Team (IDWST) to work on a coordinated effort to restore safe drinking water to all Navy Water System users.

## **Has the public health advisory been amended or lifted?**

The health advisory for Zone C2 was amended on March 18, 2022 and the advisory for the entire JBPHH System was lifted on March 23, 2023. The amendment to the health advisory was based on the results of extensive flushing, sampling (10% of buildings), and testing activities performed in Zone C2. The IDWST evaluated multiple lines of evidence to determine whether or not drinking water was safe for consumption. The DOH determined that the water in Zone C2 was safe and residents/occupants could use their tap water for all purposes including drinking, cooking, oral hygiene, and consumption by pets. LTM of drinking water will be performed to ensure drinking water remains safe for all residents and occupants of JBPHH. If new information becomes available that indicates contaminants are present in the drinking water that poses a threat to public health, additional investigation may be required.

## **Where does our water come from?**

The source of water for the Navy Water System now comes from the Navy Waiawa Shaft, which was not impacted by the release of Jet Fuel (JP-5) that occurred at Red Hill in late November 2021. The Waiawa Shaft has been sampled, and EPA and the DOH confirmed that it meets all federal and state drinking water standards. The Waiawa Shaft will be sampled (in subsequent sampling rounds) in accordance with the EPA and the DOH requirements.

Additional sampling has also been done at the Waiawa shaft as a part of the EPA's fifth Unregulated Contaminate Monitoring Rule (UCMR 5) regulation. The water was tested for one metal (Lithium) and 29 different types of PFAS. All results were non-detect.

## **What has the IDWST done to clean the drinking water distribution system?**

The IDWST evaluated multiple options for cleaning the Navy drinking water distribution system and determined that high-volume flushing of the Navy drinking water distribution system (all water mains/laterals/buildings) with 3 to 5 volumes of clean water from the Waiawa Shaft, followed by extensive testing to confirm that flushing worked, would restore safe drinking water to all Navy Water System users.

## **When was Long-Term Monitoring (LTM) water quality sampling conducted in Zone C2?**

Between April 4, 2022 and April 8, 2022, drinking water samples were collected from residences, other buildings, and fire hydrants in Zone C2 as part of LTM Period 1.

Between May 4, 2022 and May 11, 2022, drinking water samples were collected from residences, other buildings, and fire hydrants in Zone C2 as part of LTM Period 2.



Between June 7, 2022 and June 10, 2022, drinking water samples were collected from residences, other buildings, and fire hydrants in Zone C2 as part of LTM Period 3.

Between July 14, 2022 and November 3, 2022, drinking water samples were collected from residences, other buildings, and fire hydrants in Zone C2 as part of LTM Period 4.

Between February 8, 2023 and May 2, 2023, drinking water samples were collected from non-residences and fire hydrants in Zone C2 as part of LTM Period 5.

### **Where were samples taken?**

Per the LTM approved sampling plan, ten percent (10%) of all homes and buildings within Zone C2 were sampled. There are no Schools in this zone. There are no Child Development Centers in this zone. These houses/buildings will be geographically distributed throughout the area to provide spatial coverage along the water supply line. The intention of the LTM plan was to ensure that 65% of all Residences and other buildings in the zone are sampled before the completion of the 24 month period. In Zone C2, there is a higher percentage of other buildings than residences. 78% of residences and 77% of other buildings have been sampled in this zone. For this reason, and to meet the sampling quotas going forward, there will be an increase of residential sampling in Zone D2 equal to the same number scheduled for Zone C2. Hydrants in this zone will continue to be sampled. In addition, the list of houses/buildings may be augmented based on additional information (e.g., houses/buildings where occupants reported specific health impacts, houses/buildings that are referred to the team by medical providers) may also be sampled.

### **Where can I get more information about the potential health effects associated with these contaminants?**

Hawaii Department of Health (DOH)

<https://health.hawaii.gov/about/navy-water-system-quality-updates/>.

Call the DOH Safe Drinking Water Branch at 808-586-4258

US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

<https://www.epa.gov/ground-water-and-drinking-water/forms/online-form-epas-office-ground-water-and-drinking-water>.

Call EPA Region 9's Environmental Information Center at 1-866-372-9378



## **Explanation of Terms and Acronyms used in this Report**

**Action Level (AL).** This AL is for Lead and Copper. The AL is a measure of the effectiveness of the corrosion control treatment in water systems. The AL is not a standard for establishing a safe level of lead or copper. The AL is the point at which certain provisions of the proposed standards must be initiated.

**Contaminant.** Contaminant is any physical, chemical, biological, or radiological substance or matter in water, and can be either healthy or unhealthy, depending on the particular substance and concentration. It could also be a physical parameter monitored such as pH or temperature.

**DOH.** Hawaii Department of Health

**EPA.** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

**Incident Specific Parameter (ISP).** To more comprehensively monitor and respond to this specific petroleum contamination of drinking water, the DOH identified contaminants that require additional action prior to amending the Health Advisory. The ISPs are used as a line of evidence to evaluate the data generated in each zone during the investigation conducted by the IDWST.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL).** An MCL is the maximum permissible level of a contaminant in water which is delivered to any user of a public water system. The MCL is set to protect the public from acute and chronic health risks associated with consuming water containing these contaminants.

**Metals.** Metals are not derived from living sources and in general do not contain carbon. Metals include antimony, arsenic, asbestos, barium, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, copper, cyanide, fluoride, lead, mercury, nitrate, nitrite, selenium, and thallium. These contaminants get into drinking water supplies through industrial discharge or spills, erosion of natural deposits, corrosion, sewage discharge, fertilizer runoff, and other sources.

**ND.** Non-Detect

**Project Specific Screening Level.** DOH uses multiple criteria to assess the safety of the drinking water including maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) previously established environmental action levels (EALs) and incident specific parameters (ISPs).

**Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs)/Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs).** SOCs and SVOCs may be used interchangeably and are man-made, organic



(carbon-based) chemicals that are less volatile than Volatile Organic Contaminants (VOCs). They are used as pesticides, defoliants, fuel additives, and as ingredients for other organic chemicals.

**DOH Environmental Action Level (EAL).** The DOH Environmental Action Levels (EALs) are concentrations of contaminants in drinking water and other media (e.g., soil, soil gas, and groundwater) below which the contaminants are assumed to not pose a significant threat to human health or the environment. Exceeding these EAL does not necessarily indicate that contamination at the site poses environmental hazards but generally warrants additional investigation.

**Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH).** TPH is a term used to describe a large family of several hundred chemical compounds that come from crude oil. Crude oil is used to make petroleum products, which can contaminate the environment. TPH is comprised of detected results from TPH-Gasoline, TPH-Diesel, and TPH-Oil.

**Total Organic Carbon (TOC).** TOC is naturally present in the environment, but also can be an indicator of contamination, including petroleum or other sources.

**Free Chlorine.** Chlorine is added to drinking water as part of the treatment process. Adding chlorine is the most common way to disinfect drinking water. Disinfection kills bacteria, viruses, and other microorganisms that could cause disease or illness. Chlorine is effective and continues to keep the water safe as it travels from the treatment plant to the consumer's tap. Chlorine measurements provide another line-of-evidence for evaluating drinking water quality.

**Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM).** TTHM is the sum of the concentration in milligrams per liter of the trihalomethane compounds (trichloromethane [chloroform], dibromochloromethane, bromodichloromethane and tribromomethane [bromoform]).

**Units.** A unit is the concentration of contaminant found in the water. For this report, the units are expressed in U.S. Standard Units.

| U.S. Standard Unit<br>(Name) | Acronym | Equivalent International<br>System of Units (Name) | Acronym |
|------------------------------|---------|--|---------|
| parts per billion            | ppb     | micrograms per Liter                               | µg/L    |

**Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs).** VOCs are a class of chemicals that contain carbon and evaporate, or volatilize, easily into air at room temperature. VOCs are found in a variety of commercial, industrial, and residential products, including gasoline, solvents, cleaners and degreasers, paints, inks and dyes, and pesticides.